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CALBIOTECH

Dengue Virus IgM ELISA

Catalog No.: DE051M (96 Tests)

INTENDED USE

The Calbiotech Dengue virus IgM ELISA Kit is intended for the detection of IgM antibody to Dengue virus in human serum or plasma. **For Research Use Only. For professional use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.**

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Dengue virus (DENV), a flavivirus transmitted by Aedes mosquitoes, consists of four antigenically distinct serotypes (DENV-1 to DENV-4). Primary infection can result in a spectrum of disease outcomes, from mild febrile illness to severe forms such as dengue hemorrhagic fever. The IgM antibody response emerges within days after symptom onset, peaks within several weeks, and then declines over months. The kinetics of IgM production differ between primary and secondary infections, making it a focal point for research on immune enhancement phenomena such as antibody-dependent enhancement (ADE). Studies of IgM dynamics help researchers examine viral epidemiology, outbreak timing, and immune response modulation.

PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

Diluted patient serum (serum diluent contains sorbent to remove rheumatoid factor and human IgG interference) is added to wells coated with purified antigen. IgM specific antibody, if present, binds to the antigen. All unbound materials are washed away, and the enzyme conjugate is added to bind to the antibody-antigen complex, if present. Excess enzyme conjugate is washed off and substrate is added. The plate is incubated to allow the oxidation of the substrate by the enzyme. The intensity of the color generated is proportional to the amount of IgM specific antibody in the sample.

MATERIALS PROVIDED	96 Tests
1. Microwells coated with Dengue antigen	12x8x1
2. Sample Diluent: 1 bottle (ready to use)	22 mL
3. Calibrator: Yellow Cap, 1 Vial (ready to use)	1 mL
4. Positive Control: Red Cap, 1 vial (ready to use)	1 mL
5. Negative Control: Blue Cap, 1 vial (ready to use)	1 mL
6. Enzyme Conjugate: 1 bottle (ready to use)	12 mL
7. TMB Substrate: 1 bottle (ready to use)	12 mL
8. Stop Solution: 1 bottle (ready to use)	12 mL
9. Wash Concentrate 20X: 1 bottle	25 mL

MATERIALS NOT PROVIDED

1. Distilled or deionized water
2. Precision pipettes
3. Disposable pipette tips
4. ELISA reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm
5. Absorbance paper or paper towel
6. Graph paper

STORAGE AND STABILITY

1. Store the kit at 2-8° C.
2. Keep microwells sealed in a dry bag with desiccants.
3. The reagents are stable until expiration of the kit.
4. Do not expose test reagents to heat, sun or strong light.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Potential biohazardous materials:

1. The standards contain human source components which have been tested and found non-reactive for hepatitis B surface antigen as well as HIV antibody with FDA licensed reagents. However, as there is no test method that can offer complete assurance that HIV, Hepatitis B virus or other infectious agents are absent, these reagents should be handled at the Biosafety Level 2, as recommended in the Centers for Disease Control/National Institutes of Health manual, "Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories." 1984.
2. Do not pipette by mouth. Do not smoke, eat, or drink in the areas in which specimens or kit reagents are handled.
3. The components in this kit are intended for use as an integral unit. The components of different lots should not be mixed.
4. It is recommended that standards, control and serum samples be run in duplicate
5. Optimal results will be obtained by strict adherence to this protocol. Accurate and precise pipetting, as well as following the exact time and temperature requirements prescribed are essential. Any deviation from this may yield invalid data.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING

This assay is designed for use with human serum or plasma samples obtained in compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and institutional policies. Handle and store samples using procedures appropriate for research use. Samples may be stored refrigerated (2–8 °C) for up to seven days, or frozen (–20 °C or below) for up to six months. Avoid repetitive freeze–thaw cycles.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Prepare 1X Wash buffer by adding the contents of the bottle (25 ml, 20X) to 475 ml of distilled or deionized water. Store at room temperature (20-25°C).

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all specimens and kit reagents to room temperature (20-25°C) and gently mix.

1. Place the desired number of coated strips into the holder.
2. Negative control, positive control, and calibrator are ready to use. Prepare 1:21 dilution of test samples, by adding 10 µl of the sample to 200 µl of sample diluent. Mix well.
3. Dispense 100 µl of diluted sera, calibrator and controls into the appropriate wells. For the reagent blank, dispense 100µl sample diluent in 1A well position. Tap the holder to remove air bubbles from the liquid and mix well. Incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature.
4. Remove liquid from all wells. Wash wells three times with 300 µl of 1X wash buffer. Blot on absorbance paper or paper towel.
5. Dispense 100 µl of enzyme conjugate to each well and incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature.
6. Remove enzyme conjugate from all wells. Wash wells three times with 300 µl of 1X wash buffer. Blot on absorbance paper or paper towel.
7. Dispense 100 µl of TMB substrate and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
8. Add 100 µL of stop solution.
9. Read O.D. at 450 nm using ELISA reader within 15 min. A dual wavelength is recommended with reference filter of 600-650 nm.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

1. Check Calibrator Factor (CF) value on the calibrator bottle. This value might vary from lot to lot. Make sure you check the value on every kit.
2. Calculate the cut-off value: Calibrator OD x Calibrator Factor (CF).
3. Calculate the Ab (Antibody) Index of each determination by dividing the O.D. value of each sample by cut-off value.

LIMITATIONS OF THE TEST

1. Lipemic or hemolyzed samples may cause erroneous results.